

11 Oct 2019 | Affirmation

Fitch Affirms Ile-de-France at 'AA'; Outlook Stable

Fitch Ratings-Paris-11 October 2019:

Fitch Ratings has affirmed the Region of Ile-de-France's Long-Term Foreign- and Local-Currency Issuer Default Ratings (IDR) at 'AA' with Stable Outlooks. Fitch has also affirmed the region's Short-Term Foreign-Currency IDR at 'F1+'. The long-term issues of Ile-de-France have been affirmed at 'AA'. Its EUR7 billion EMTN programme's ratings have been affirmed at 'AA' and 'F1+'. The region's EUR1 billion commercial paper programme (NEU CP) has been affirmed at 'F1+'.

The Stable Outlook reflects Fitch's expectation that Ile-de-France's net payback ratio (net adjusted debt / operating balance) will remain structurally below 7.5x in the medium term.

Ile-de-France is France's main political and economic centre and one of the EU's wealthiest regions. It has a population of 12.2 million, representing 18% of the national population. In 2017, GDP per capita was EUR58,300, or 194% of the EU average. Unemployment is below the French average (7.6% vs. 8.4% in 1Q19), but the poverty rate is higher (15.7% in 2016 vs. 14.7% in metropolitan France).

Key Rating Drivers

Ile-de-France's standalone credit profile (SCP) is assessed at 'aa+', reflecting a combination of a sound risk profile, assessed at 'High Midrange', and strong debt sustainability assessed in the upper end of the 'aa' category under Fitch's rating case scenario. Ile-de-France's ratings are capped by the sovereign (AA/Stable).

High Midrange Risk Profile

Fitch assesses Ile-de-France's risk profile at 'High Midrange', reflecting a favourable mix of Stronger and Midrange Attributes on the six key risk factors.

Revenue Robustness: Stronger

Ile-de-France's operating revenue is mostly made up of predictable and growing tax items. The levy on corporate-value added tax (CVAE; 20% of operating revenue in 2018) and the VAT (14%) are linked to GDP growth, while the fuel tax (31%) is mostly shielded from the economic cycle as a significant proceed level is guaranteed by the French state. Fitch views the region's potential revenue volatility as low in the medium term, and mainly linked to vehicle registration fees (11%) as they are linked to a specific market (vehicle purchases).

Revenue Flexibility: Midrange

Ile-de-France's fiscal flexibility is moderate as it is limited to vehicle registration fees. However, an increase of the tax rate to EUR60 (Fitch's assumed maximum rate for French regions), up from EUR46.15, would have increased operating revenue by 3% in 2018, which in Fitch's view would cover a reasonably expected

revenue decline by more than 100%. Fitch considers the affordability of additional taxation as strong as the additional tax bill would represent a marginal proportion of the region's inhabitants' average income.

Expenditure Sustainability: Stronger

Ile-de-France shows tight control of expenditure, resulting from strict budget planning. This is reflected by the continuous decline in operating expenditure in the last three years. The region also complies with the new prudential rules set by the French state, which cap its current expenditure growth at 1.14% a year in 2018-2020 (excluding some perimeter effects). The region's expenditure is mainly non-cyclical and unlikely to grow in an economic downturn. Vocational training (28% of operating spending in 2018) is probably the main cyclical item as the needs are likely to grow when unemployment rises. However, French regions have autonomy on this public policy, and the costs of large vocational training plans are usually covered by the French state.

Expenditure Flexibility: Midrange

Ile-de-France's operating expenditure is mainly made up of mandatory transfers, relative to transportation (31% of operating spending in 2018), vocational training (28%), or secondary education (11%). Staff costs (17%) are also rigid spending items as most of the region's employees have the status of civil servants. However, the region has a large capex programme (38% of total expenditure in 2018), which could be postponed or scaled down in case of need, although this flexibility is partially offset by the region's high capex needs, especially in terms of transportation and high-school infrastructures. We estimate the share of inflexible expenditure to be between 70% and 90%.

Liabilities and Liquidity Robustness: Stronger

Ile-de-France operates under a robust national and individual debt management framework. Its liabilities carry little risk. At end-2018, debt was 86% fixed rate and 100% was considered risk free by the national framework. Off-balance sheet liabilities are mostly made of Ile-de-France Mobilites, a public-sector entity in charge of public transportation in the region's territory. The region has 51% of the seats on the board of directors. Ile-de-France Mobilites' debt has increased sharply in recent years due to significant capital expenditure needs (end-2018: EUR1.9 billion) and we expect this rising trend to continue in the coming years. However, Fitch assesses Ile-de-France Mobilites' risk profile as sound. It is largely funded by the tax levy on transport and its mandates are not subject to competition.

Liabilities and Liquidity Flexibility: Stronger

The region has strong access to liquidity under various forms. It has access to institutional lenders such as Caisse des Depots et Consignations (AA/Stable) like all French LRGs, and also used credit lines from the European Bank of Investment (AAA/Stable) in 2019. It benefits also from a EUR587 million revolving line with a bank rated 'A+', which is mainly used as back-up line for the commercial paper programme.

Debt Sustainability: 'aa' category

This assessment reflects a net payback ratio expected to remain below 6x in the medium term in our rating case scenario (2018: 5.1x), in the upper end of the 'aa' category, and a synthetic coverage ratio expected to remain above 2x.

Ile-de-France's budgetary performance is strong. Operating balance increased sharply to EUR1.087 billion in 2018, from EUR691 million in 2014, as a result of growing tax revenue and a decline in operating spending. This allowed the region to self-finance a large share of capital expenditure in recent years. The operating balance is likely to increase further to around EUR1.3 billion in 2019, and we expect it remain above EUR1 billion in the coming years in our rating case scenario.

The region's net adjusted debt was EUR5.7 billion at end-2018, but is likely to decrease to around EUR5.3 billion at end-2019, below its 2015 level. In our rating case scenario, we expect it to increase to EUR6.4 billion at end-2023 as the region aims to implement a large capex programme (close to EUR1.9 billion per year expected in the coming years, representing 40% of total expenditure, compared with EUR1.6 billion a year on average in 2014-2018).

Derivation Summary

Based on the risk profile assessment and debt sustainability metrics, Fitch assesses the region of Ile-de-France's SCP at 'aa+'. The region's SCP is above the sovereign rating. As a result, Ile-de-France's Long-Term IDRs are capped by the sovereign. No other rating factor affects the ratings.

Key Assumptions

Fitch's rating case scenario is a "through-the-cycle" scenario, which incorporates a combination of revenue and financial risk stresses. It is based on 2014-2018 figures and 2019-2022 projected ratios. The key assumptions for the scenario include:

- 0.7% annual growth in operating revenue in 2019-2023, which includes the following items: removal of the apprenticeship tax and related revenue as of 2020; 1.7% a year growth of VAT proceeds and 1.4% growth of CVAE proceeds as of 2020;
- 1.1% annual growth in operating expenditure in 2019-2023;
- a capital balance of -EUR1.1 billion on average in 2019-2023;
- close to EUR200 million of sales of assets revenue in 2020;
- a 2.2% cost of debt and 15-year maturity for new debt, significantly above the current market conditions.

RATING SENSITIVITIES

Positive rating action could result from an upgrade of the sovereign, provided that the net payback ratio remains below 6x on a sustained basis in our rating case scenario.

Ile-de-France's long-term ratings could be downgraded if the region's net payback ratio exceeds 7.5x on a sustained basis in our rating case scenario. This could happen if the growth of operating expenditure sustainably exceeds the current plans and is not matched by an equivalent increase in operating revenue. A downgrade of the sovereign would also be reflected in the region's ratings.

Liquidity and Debt Structure

Fitch-adjusted debt includes the region's short-term debt (EUR500 million at end-2018) and long-term debt (EUR5.660 billion at end-2018). Fitch-net adjusted debt corresponds to the difference between Fitch-adjusted debt and the cash at the end of the year considered as unrestricted by Fitch (EUR591 million at end-2018).

Summary of Financial Adjustments

Fitch considers the transfers by the region to offset the amount of CVAE proceeds it received as lower revenue rather than additional expenditure. These transfers include a transfer made to the state for the other regions (fonds national de garantie individuelle des ressources; EUR674.8 million in 2018), the equalisation funds (EUR115.7 million), and the transfer to the Ile-de-France departments to compensate for the doubling of CVAE regional share proceeds as of 2017 (EUR1,372 million).

Fitch believes these restatements allow a meaningful comparison with other LRGs. They are neutral for Ile-de-France's operating balance, and so also for the payback and coverage assessment. However, they reduce the level of operating revenue and are negative on the fiscal debt burden assessment (net adjusted debt/operating revenue).

ESG Considerations

ESG credit relevant is a score of 3, meaning that ESG issued are credit neutral. Given the missions of the issuer and the institutional framework, these issues are minimally relevant to the rating.

Ile-de-France, Region of; Long Term Issuer Default Rating; Affirmed; AA; RO:Sta

- ----; Short Term Issuer Default Rating; Affirmed; F1+
- ----; Local Currency Long Term Issuer Default Rating; Affirmed; AA; RO:Sta
- ----senior unsecured; Long Term Rating; Affirmed; AA
- ----senior unsecured; Short Term Rating; Affirmed; F1+

Contacts:

Primary Rating Analyst

Pierre Charpentier,

Associate Director

+33 1 44 29 91 45

Fitch France S.A.S.

60 rue de Monceau

Paris 75008

Secondary Rating Analyst

Christophe Parisot,

Managing Director

+33 1 44 29 91 34

Committee Chairperson

Vladimir Redkin.

Senior Director

+7 495 956 2405

Media Relations: Athos Larkou, London, Tel: +44 20 3530 1549, Email: athos.larkou@thefitchgroup.com

Additional information is available on www.fitchratings.com

Applicable Criteria

Rating Criteria for International Local and Regional Governments (pub. 13 Sep 2019)

Additional Disclosures

Dodd-Frank Rating Information Disclosure Form

Solicitation Status

Endorsement Policy

ALL FITCH CREDIT RATINGS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMERS. PLEASE READ THESE LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMERS BY FOLLOWING THIS LINK:

HTTPS://www.fitchratings.com/understandingcreditratings. In addition, rating definitions and the terms of use of such ratings are available on the agency's public web site at www.fitchratings.com. Published ratings, criteria, and methodologies are available from this site at all times. Fitch's code of conduct, confidentiality, conflicts of interest, affiliate firewall, compliance, and other relevant policies and procedures are also available from the code of conduct section of this site. Directors and shareholders relevant interests are available at https://www.fitchratings.com/site/regulatory. Fitch may have provided another permissible service to the rated entity or its related third parties. Details of this service for ratings for which the lead analyst is based in an eu-registered entity can be found on the entity summary page for this issuer on the fitch website.

Copyright © 2019 by Fitch Ratings, Inc., Fitch Ratings Ltd. and its subsidiaries. 33 Whitehall Street, NY, NY 10004. Telephone: 1-800-753-4824, (212) 908-0500. Fax: (212) 480-4435. Reproduction or retransmission in whole or in part is prohibited except by permission. All rights reserved. In issuing and maintaining its ratings and in making other reports (including forecast information), Fitch relies on factual information it receives from issuers and underwriters and from other sources Fitch believes to be credible. Fitch conducts a reasonable investigation of the factual information relied upon by it in accordance with its ratings methodology, and obtains reasonable verification of that information from independent sources, to the extent such sources are available for a given security or in a given jurisdiction. The manner of Fitch's factual investigation and the scope of the third-party verification it obtains will vary depending on the nature of the rated security and its issuer, the requirements and practices in the jurisdiction in which the rated security is offered and sold and/or the issuer is located, the availability and nature of relevant public information, access to the management of the issuer and its advisers, the availability of pre-existing third-party verifications such as audit reports, agreed-upon procedures letters, appraisals, actuarial reports, engineering reports, legal opinions and other reports provided by third parties, the availability of independent and competent third- party verification sources with respect to the particular security or in the particular jurisdiction of the issuer, and a variety of other factors. Users of Fitch's ratings and reports should understand that neither an enhanced factual investigation nor any third-party verification can ensure that all of the information Fitch relies on in connection with a rating or a report will be accurate and complete. Ultimately, the issuer and its advisers are responsible for the accuracy of the information they provide to Fitch and to the market in offering documents and other reports. In issuing its ratings and its reports, Fitch must rely on the work of experts, including independent auditors with respect to financial statements and attorneys with respect to legal and tax matters. Further, ratings and forecasts of financial and other information are inherently forward-looking and embody assumptions and predictions about future events that by their nature cannot be verified as facts. As a result, despite any verification of current facts, ratings and forecasts can be affected by future events or conditions that were not anticipated at the time a rating or forecast was issued or affirmed.

The information in this report is provided "as is" without any representation or warranty of any kind, and Fitch does not represent or warrant that the report or any of its contents will meet any of the requirements of a recipient of the report. A Fitch rating is an opinion as to the creditworthiness of a security. This opinion and reports made by Fitch are based on established criteria and methodologies that Fitch is continuously evaluating and updating. Therefore, ratings and reports are the collective work product of Fitch and no individual, or group of individuals, is solely responsible for a rating or a report. The rating does not address the risk of loss due to risks other than credit risk, unless such risk is specifically mentioned. Fitch is not engaged in the offer or sale of any security. All Fitch reports have shared authorship. Individuals identified in a Fitch report were involved in, but are not solely responsible for, the opinions stated therein. The individuals are named for contact purposes only. A report providing a Fitch rating is neither a prospectus nor a substitute for the information assembled, verified and presented to investors by the issuer and its agents in connection with the sale of the securities. Ratings may be changed or withdrawn at any time for any reason in the sole discretion of Fitch. Fitch does not provide investment advice of any sort. Ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold any security. Ratings do not comment on the adequacy of market price, the suitability of any security for a particular investor, or the tax-exempt nature or taxability of payments made in respect to any security. Fitch receives fees from issuers, insurers, guarantors, other obligors, and underwriters for rating securities. Such fees generally vary from US\$1,000 to US\$750,000 (or the applicable currency equivalent)

per issue. In certain cases, Fitch will rate all or a number of issues issued by a particular issuer, or insured or guaranteed by a particular insurer or guarantor, for a single annual fee. Such fees are expected to vary from US\$10,000 to US\$1,500,000 (or the applicable currency equivalent). The assignment, publication, or dissemination of a rating by Fitch shall not constitute a consent by Fitch to use its name as an expert in connection with any registration statement filed under the United States securities laws, the Financial Services and Markets Act of 2000 of the United Kingdom, or the securities laws of any particular jurisdiction. Due to the relative efficiency of electronic publishing and distribution, Fitch research may be available to electronic subscribers up to three days earlier than to print subscribers.

For Australia, New Zealand, Taiwan and South Korea only: Fitch Australia Pty Ltd holds an Australian financial services license (AFS license no. 337123) which authorizes it to provide credit ratings to wholesale clients only. Credit ratings information published by Fitch is not intended to be used by persons who are retail clients within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001

Fitch Ratings, Inc. is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (the "NRSRO"). While certain of the NRSRO's credit rating subsidiaries are listed on Item 3 of Form NRSRO and as such are authorized to issue credit ratings on behalf of the NRSRO (see https://www.fitchratings.com/site/regulatory), other credit rating subsidiaries are not listed on Form NRSRO (the "non-NRSROs") and therefore credit ratings issued by those subsidiaries are not issued on behalf of the NRSRO. However, non-NRSRO personnel may participate in determining credit ratings issued by or on behalf of the NRSRO.

ENDORSEMENT POLICY - Fitch's approach to ratings endorsement so that ratings produced outside the EU may be used by regulated entities within the EU for regulatory purposes, pursuant to the terms of the EU Regulation with respect to credit rating agencies, can be found on the <u>EU Regulatory Disclosures</u> page. The endorsement status of all International ratings is provided within the entity summary page for each rated entity and in the transaction detail pages for all structured finance transactions on the Fitch website. These disclosures are updated on a daily basis.